

Deutsches Forschungszentrum für Künstliche Intelligenz German Research Center for Artificial Intelligence



Towards Smart Resource Distribution in V2X Dynamic Networks: A Modular RIS Approach

28. ITG Fachtagung MobilkommunikationOsnabrück15th May 2023

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DFKI | Intelligent Networks | 28. ITG | Towards Smart Resource Distribution in V2X Dynamic Networks

Agenda

- Introduction
 - $\circ\,$ RIS and V2X: A Synergy Perspective
- Motivation
- Smart Network Distribution
- A Modular Reconfigurable Intelligent Surface Approach
- Simulation Insights
- Conclusion and Outlook





Introduction

- What are Reconfigurable Intelligent Surfaces (RISs)?
- What is Vehicular-to-everything (V2X) communication?
- The relevance of RIS and V2X in the research of the Sixth Generation (6G) of wireless networks.
- How RIS and V2X can work together?

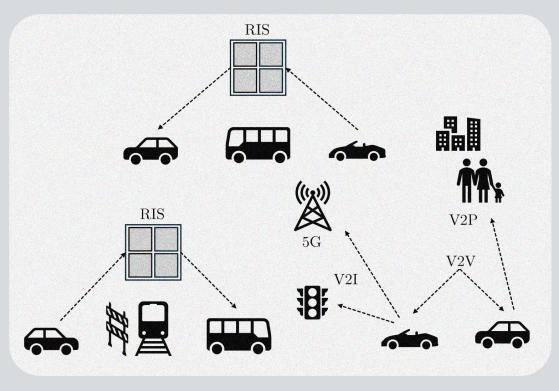
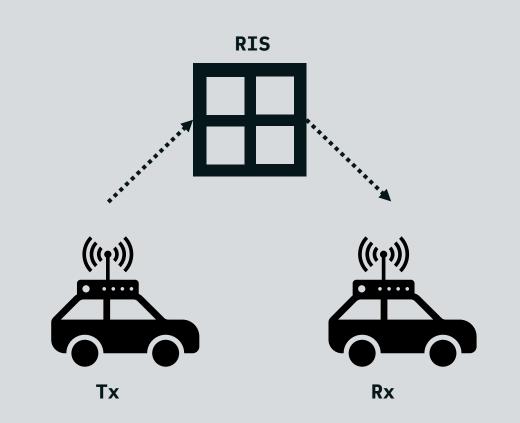


Figure 1: Conceiving urban scenarios in which RIS and V2X work together to assist vehicular communications



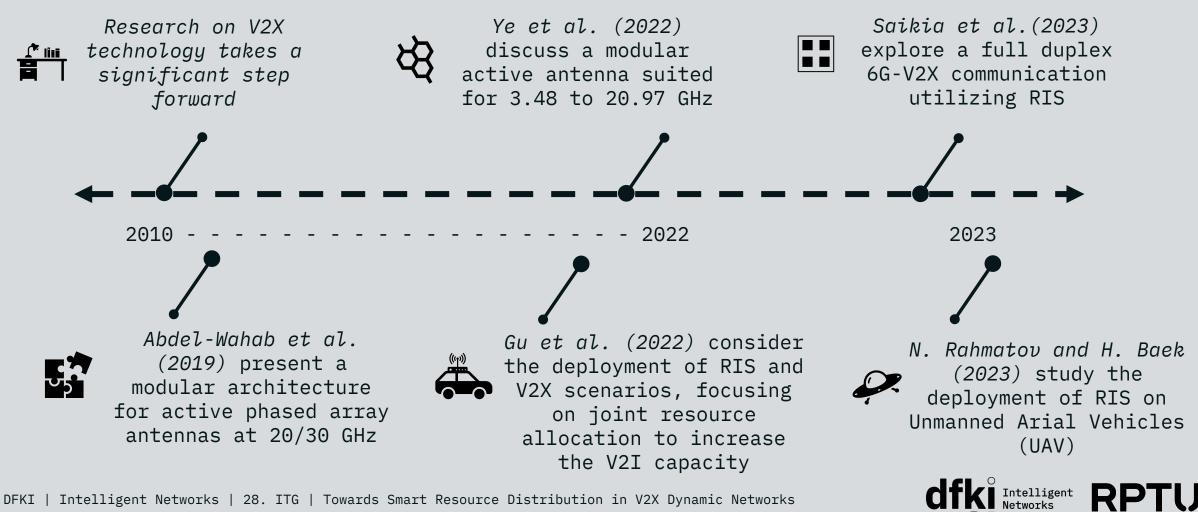
Motivation

- Changing environments require dynamic solutions.
- A modular RIS approach can offer flexibility and adaptability to those use case scenarios.
- The rise of AI can support usage prediction and thus, smart reallocation of network resources.





Related Work



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Smart Network Distribution





Proactive maintenance



A Modular Reconfigurable Intelligent Surface Approach

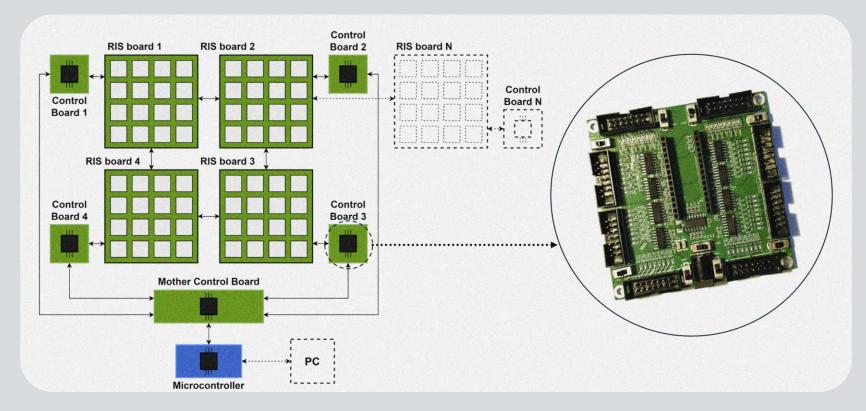


Figure 2: Proposed modular RIS approach through designed PCB control boards for the interconnection and management of different RIS sub-blocks, in which each RIS module is connected to its own control board



Simulation Insights

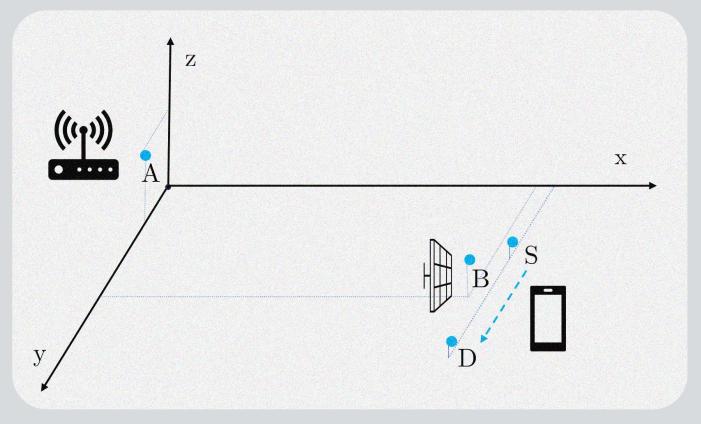


Figure 3: Conceptual system setup with 1 transmitter, 1 receiver, and 1 RIS



Simulation Insights

TABLE I: Simulation parameters for the system simulations

Parameter	Value	Description
Environment	2	1/2 for Indoor/Outdoor environment
Scenario	1	1/2 for RIS orientations in xz/yz plane
ArrayType	2	1/2 for uniform linear/planar array
Nt	1	Single input
Nr	1	Single output
Tx(x,y,z)	(0,25,30)	Position of transmitter
Rx(x,y,z)	(130,y,1)	Position of receiver
RIS(x,y,z)	(120,150,2)	Position of RIS

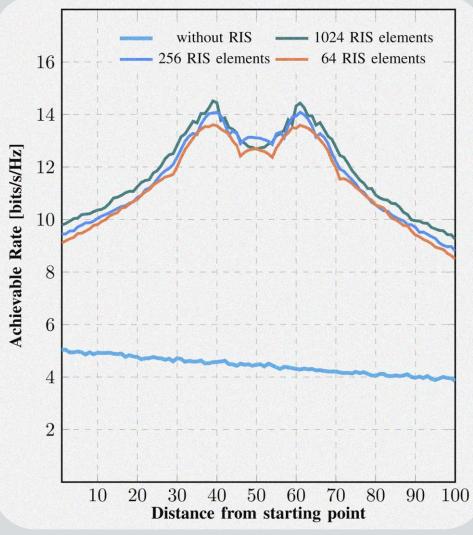


Figure 4: Achievable transmission rate with different numbers of RIS elements

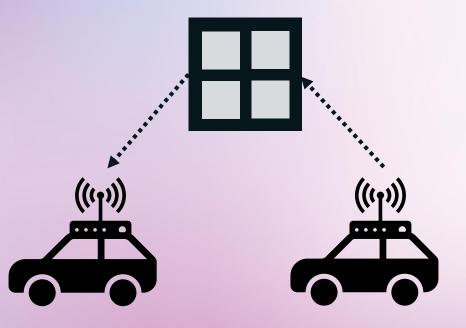


Conclusion and Outlook

- RIS can support V2X communications by enhancing the Line of Sight (LoS) between vehicles.
- The correlation between the number of unit cells and the achievable rate obtained supports the approach of a modular RIS configuration for dynamic scenarios.
- AI can aid in performing smart resource allocation through usage network prediction.
- It is envisaged to carry out similar tests on actual RIS hardware for future work.







THANK YOU

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